(b) Labor organization officer means any constitutional officer, any person authorized to perform the functions of president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, or other executive functions of a labor organization, and any member of its executive board or similar governing body.

(c) Labor organization employee means any individual (other than an individual performing exclusively custodial or clerical services) employed by a

labor organization.

(d) *Employer* means any employer or any group or association of employers engaged in an industry affecting commerce (1) which is, with respect to employees engaged in an industry affecting commerce, an employer within the meaning of any law of the United States relating to the employment of any employees or (2) which may deal with any labor organization concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, or conditions of work, and includes any person acting directly or indirectly as an employer or as an agent of an employer in relation to an employee but does not include the United States or any corporation wholly owned by the Government of the United States or any State or political subdivision thereof.

[28 FR 14384, Dec. 27, 1963, as amended at 50 FR 31310, Aug. 1, 1985]

### § 404.2 Annual report.

Every labor organization officer and employee who in any fiscal year has been involved in transactions of the type described in section 202(a) of the Act, or who holds or has held any interest in an employer or a business of the type referred to therein, or who has received any payments of the type referred to in that section, or who holds or has held an interest in or derived income or economic benefit with monetary value from a business any part of which consists of dealing with a trust in which his labor organization is interested, or whose spouse or minor child has been involved in such transactions, holds or has held any such interests, or has received such payments, is required to file with the Office of Labor-Management Standards, within 90 days after the end of his fiscal year, a signed report containing the detailed

information required therein by section 202(a) of the Act, and found by the Assistant Secretary under section 208 thereof to be necessary in such report.

[28 FR 14384, Dec. 27, 1963, as amended at 50 FR 31309, Aug. 1, 1985]

#### § 404.3 Form of annual report.

On and after the effective date of this section, every labor organization officer and employee required to file an annual report under §404.2 shall file such report on United States Department of Labor Form LM-30 entitled "Labor Organization Officer and Employee Report," together with a true copy thereof, in the detail required by the instructions accompanying such form and constituting a part thereof.

#### § 404.4 Special report.

In addition to the report on Form LM-30, the Office of Labor-Management Standards may require from union officers and employees subject to the Act the submission of special reports of pertinent information including, but not necessarily confined to, reports with respect to matters referred to in items (ii) and (iv) of the Instructions relating to part A of the form and items (ii) and (iii) of the Instructions relating to part C of the form.

# § 404.5 Attorney-client communications exempted.

Nothing contained in this part shall be construed to require an attorney who is a member in good standing of the bar of any State, to include in any report required to be filed pursuant to the provisions of section 202(a) of the Act and of this part any information which was lawfully communicated to such attorney by any of his clients in the course of a legitimate attorney-client relationship.

## § 404.6 Personal responsibility of signatories of reports.

Every labor organization officer or employee required to file a report under section 202(a) of the Act and under this part shall be personally responsible for the filing of such report and for any statement contained therein which he knows to be false.